

A. Purpose and Policy Statement

The Board of Directors of WashingtonFirst Bankshares, Inc. and its subsidiary, WashingtonFirst Bank (collectively, the “Company”) adopts this Excessive or Luxury Expenditures Policy (“Policy”) to be in compliance with the requirements under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (“ARRA”) enacted February 17, 2009. The ARRA, which amends certain sections of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008, requires each recipient of funds under the Capital Purchase Program of the Troubled Assets Relief Program to have in place a company-wide policy regarding excessive or luxury expenditures, as identified by the Secretary of the Department of the U.S. Treasury.

It is the Company’s policy, to prohibit excessive or luxury expenditures on:

1. entertainment and events,
2. office and facility renovations,
3. aviation or other transportation services, and
4. other activities or events that are not reasonable expenditures for conferences, staff development, reasonable performance incentives, or other similar measures conducted in the normal course of our business operations.

This Policy applies to all employees of the Company. Additionally, this Policy specifies prohibited expenditures, approval procedures for expenditures which require prior approval, certification requirements of the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), the reporting of actual or suspected violations, and compliance monitoring.

B. Roles & ResponsibilitiesBoard of Directors

In support of its oversight responsibilities, the Board shall have the following roles:

1. The Corporate Governance Committee of the Board must review and recommend to the full Board of Directors approval of this policy on an annual basis, or, in the event of subsequent amendments to the TARP Standards for Compensation and Corporate Governance as defined by the Department of the Treasury (31 CFR Part 30), in such time frame required by the amendment.
2. The Board of Directors must review and approve this policy on an annual basis, or, in the event of subsequent amendments to the TARP Standards for Compensation and Corporate Governance as defined by the Department of the Treasury (31 CFR Part 30), in such time frame required by the amendment.

3. The Corporate Governance Committee shall review any exceptions to this policy at the next regularly scheduled meeting subsequent to the granting of the exception.

Executive Management

Executive management is responsible for the effective implementation of this policy. To that end, executive management shall have the following roles:

1. Monitor expenditures addressed by this policy to ensure compliance with this policy.
2. Document and justify any exceptions to this policy and report exceptions to the Corporate Governance Committee of the Board.
3. Promptly recommend modifications of this policy to the Corporate Governance Committee to ensure it remains compliant with the TARP Standards for Compensation and Corporate Governance as defined by the Department of the Treasury (31 CFR Part 30) as it may be amended.
4. Ensure that this policy is posted on *WashingtonFirstBank.com*.

C. Scope

The types and categories of expenditures covered by this Policy are as follows:

Entertainment: Entertainment is defined as an activity that an employee or executive officer would use corporate funds for business-development purposes relating to a current customer or prospective customer or to further enhance the Company's marketing efforts. Our policy is that all expenses incurred by the Company should be for Company purposes and used to develop business of the Company. Occasional events such as taking customers or prospects on trips, playing golf, eating dinner, or taking them to other events the customer/prospect would find pleasurable is a necessary part of the Company's marketing efforts and not deemed as "luxury" or a violation of this Policy. These expenses should be documented and detailed as to the benefit derived by the Company through the normal accounts payable process.

Conferences: We encourage Company employees and officers to attend conferences that are appropriate educational opportunities. These conferences must be related to the financial services industry and have a direct correlation to their job. At times, it may be appropriate that a spouse would travel to these conferences with Company attendees. Typically these conferences are sponsored by vendors, banking associations, or other industry-related entities.

Employee Recognition/Holiday Parties: Employee recognition/holiday parties are part of the Company's employee appreciation process. These events should be local in geographic nature and reasonable in cost.

Board/Management Retreats: Retreats shall only be used for educational or business-planning purposes. Board education is a vital part of maintaining and keeping a dynamic director base, and this Policy should not limit a retreat that is focused on strategic planning or education.

Office and Facility Renovations: Renovations of facilities and office spaces should be relative to the approved project and current business plan of the Company. An exception will be permitted to address an emergency situation, such as an act of nature, and the expenditure is necessary to make the facility operational for customer use.

Aviation or Other Transportation Services: Transportation for Company employees to outlying locations, including bank locations, conferences, business development purposes, and merger and acquisition research, should be conducted in the most cost-appropriate way for the Company. Modes of transportation to be used may consist of vehicle, commercial air, or rail service. The selection of transportation services will factor in cost, efficiency, and timeliness of travel. Expenditures for the use of an automobile by the Company's officers must be reasonable.

D. Prohibited Expenditures

The following expenditures are deemed excessive and are prohibited:

Office and Facility Renovations: Expenditures for office furnishings, remodeling, or redecoration for any senior executive officer as defined in the EESA ("SEO"), the aggregate cost of which exceeds \$25,000. This prohibition does not extend to a corporate relocation or remodeling impacting a majority of the corporate offices or a newly-constructed branch, branch renovation, or branch relocation.

Aviation Services: Expenditures for the use of a private airplane are prohibited.

E. Expenditures Requiring Prior Approval

General: The following expenditures require the pre-approval of the CEO or the CFO if the amount exceeds \$10,000.00 and are not otherwise prohibited by Section D of this Policy:

1. entertainment, conferences, board/management retreats, or other events;
2. office and facility renovations;
3. aviation or other transportation services; and

4. other similar items, activities, or events for which the Company may reasonably anticipate incurring expenses or reimbursing an employee for incurring expenses.

Employee Recognition/Holiday Parties: Any expenditure, regardless of amount, for employee recognition or holiday parties must be approved in advance by the CEO.

Exceptions: Notwithstanding the foregoing, prior written approval is not required for the following expenditures:

1. to remediate emergency or hazardous conditions;
2. to comply with building codes and ordinances;
3. to satisfy legal, contractual, or regulatory requirements; and
4. under the Board-approved annual operating budget.

F. Administration and Certifications

The CFO is responsible for the day-to-day administration of this Policy, and the CEO is accountable for overall adherence to this Policy and must approve any exceptions. Strict adherence to this Policy is mandated for all Company employees.

Within 90 days of the completion of each fiscal year of the Company, the CEO and CFO of the Company shall certify that the Company and its employees have complied with this Policy during the fiscal year or since the date of enactment of this Policy and that any expenses requiring approval were properly approved. This certification shall be provided to the Department of the Treasury and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

G. Reporting of Violations

Anyone who becomes aware of a suspected or actual violation of this Policy, whether intentional or inadvertent, shall report such violation in writing to the Company's Audit Committee Chairperson. Employees are expected to self-report any violations concerning the employee. The Chairperson will discuss the suspected or actual violation at the next regularly-scheduled meeting of the Audit Committee, who will investigate the suspected or actual violation of this Policy in accordance with its procedures established for investigating complaints regarding improprieties in the Company's accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, and report to the Board at its next regularly scheduled meeting with respect to any reported violations and any recommended corrective actions.